WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA (WHPA) DELINEATION GUIDANCE FOR NEW WELLS



As part of the Wellhead Protection program in DHEC's Bureau of Water, we seek to prevent wells from becoming contaminated by identifying areas of concern with regard to pollution and potential pollution sources. With the passage of amendments to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, the Department has developed a source water protection plan, which will address both surface and groundwater sources. This guidance relates to delineating protection areas for all new groundwater sources permitted in accordance with R.61-58.1(E)(2)(i).

Simplified approach. The attached map delineates Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA) zones along with the four (4) charts that should be used to determine a well's WHPA. The zones are as follows:

- 1. Piedmont Regions 1 and 2 Zones 1 and 2
- 2. Coastal Plain Sand Aquifers Zone 3
- 3. Coastal Plain Limestone Aquifer Zone 4

Each of the four zones has a corresponding table and equivalent graph. The graphs are a convenient way for applicants to identify the WHPA radius based on the proposed pumping rate. Data for the tables and graphs were generated using two methods. Data for zones 1 and 2 are based on volumetric formulas in accordance with the Department's Wellhead Protection Program Guide, dated November 1997 (i.e., fixed radius method). Data for zones 3 and 4 are based on wellhead protection computer models.

To delineate the proposed well's WHPA you should first determine in which zone the well is to be located. Once determined, you should proceed to the appropriate chart and use the estimated well pumping rate to determine the WHPA radius.

Note that once the WHPA has been determined then a complete inventory must be taken within the area and submitted to DHEC with the project application.

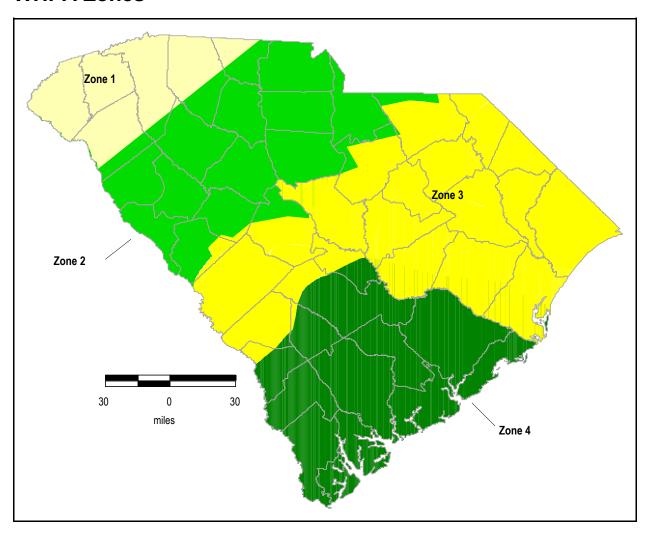
Alternative approach. Permit applicants may wish to use other models to determine the wellhead protection area. Please be informed that the Department will critique the model selected and concur with it if it is an appropriate tool.

Next step. Once a WHPA is established, state regulation 61-58 requires that permit applicants locate all real or potential sources of pollution. DHEC requests that this information be provided on *USGS topo maps* or equivalent so we can transfer the information to our GIS data base. A sample guide to develop an inventory for an area is attached.

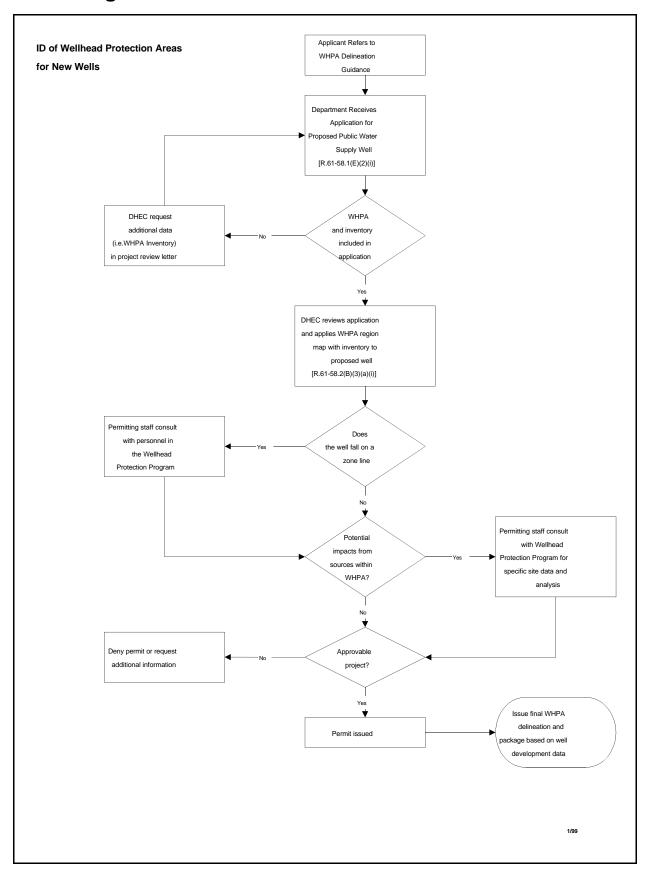
Pollution-free radius. This approach doesn't change the need for a 100-foot pollution-free radius as described in 61-58.2.B(3), *Site Considerations*. The project submittal would indicate this as a separate issue, like on the site plan sheet.

If there are any questions on our permitting process, please contact Shawn Clarke, P.E., Manager of the Department's Water Supply and Recreational Waters Permitting Section at (803) 898-3544. A flow chart on our permitting process regarding WHPA issues is attached.

WHPA Zones



Permitting Process



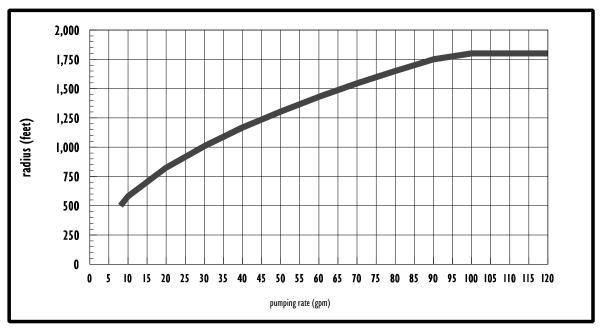
Wellhead Protection Inventory Guide

Public Water System/Area	
Survey Date	
Survey Conducted By	
Landowner	
Address	
City	Zip Code
County	
Type of Location	

	T	n Source Inventory	
Commercial/Industrial	#	Commercial/Industrial	#
Automotive		Slaughter Houses	
Gas Stations		Feed Lots/Manure Piles	
Service Stations		Graveyards/Funeral Services	
Body Shops		Hardware/Lumber/Parts Stores	
Repair		Home Manufacturing	
Rust Proofers		Junk and Salvage Yards	
Painting		Machine Shops, Metal Platers, Heat Transfers, Smelters, Annealers, Descalers	
Auto Washes		Mining Operations/Gravel Pits	
Auto Chemical Suppliers or Retailers		Medical/Vet Offices	
Boat Services/Repair/Refinishing		Nuclear Power Plant	
Airport Maintenance or Fueling Operations		Photo Processing/Printing	
Cement, Asphalt, Tar, Coal Companies		Plastics/Synthetics Producers	
Chemical/Petroleum Processing/Storage		Railroad Yards	
Chemical Manufacturers/Recyclers		Research Labs	
Conventional Power Plant		Small Engine Repair Shops	
Dry Cleaners/Laundromats		Specialty Chemical Company	
Electrical/Electronic Manufacturing		Stormwater Impoundment Sites	
Fuel/Oil		Truck/Fleet/Bus Terminals	
Distributors		Wood Preserving/Treating	
Pipelines		Wood/Pulp/Paper Processing and Mills	
Furniture Refinishers/Manufacture/Repair		Other	
Heating Oil Storage (commercial on-site use)			
Food Processors			
Meat Packers			

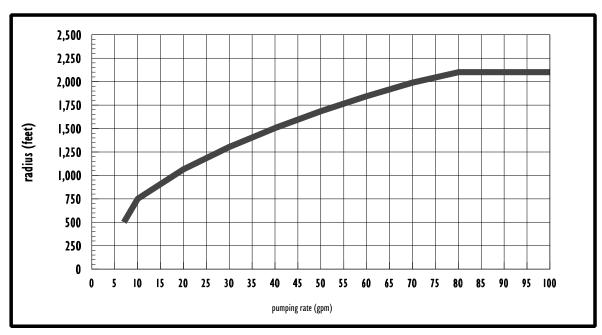
Contamination Source Inventory					
Agricultural/Rural	#	Miscellaneous	#		
Auction Lots		Above-Ground Storage Tanks			
Boarding Stables		Construction/Demolition Areas			
Confined Animal Feeding Operations		Historic Gas Stations			
Crops		Historic Waste Dumps/Landfills			
Irrigated		Injection Wells/Dry Wells/Sumps			
Non-Irrigated		Military Installations			
Farm Machinery Repair		Underground Storage Tanks			
Homesteads		Confirmed Leaking Tanks			
Machine Shops		Out of Service			
Single Family Septic Systems		Non-Regulated Tanks			
Lagoons/Liquid Wastes		Not Upgraded or Registered Tanks			
Pesticide/Fertilizer/Petroleum Storage. Handling Mixing, and Cleaning Areas		Upgraded and/or Registered Active			
Other		Wells			
Residential/Municipal	#	Other			
Drinking Water Treatment Plants					
Golf Courses					
Landfills/Dumps					
Septic Systems (High Density>1/Acre)					
Utility Stations (Maintenance Areas)					
Waste Transfer/Recycling Stations					
Wastewater Treatment Plants/Collection Stations					
Other					

WHPA Zone 1



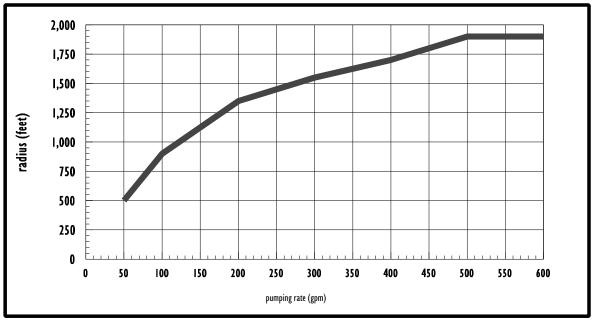
WHPA: minimum = 500 ft., maximum = 1800 ft.

WHPA Zone 2



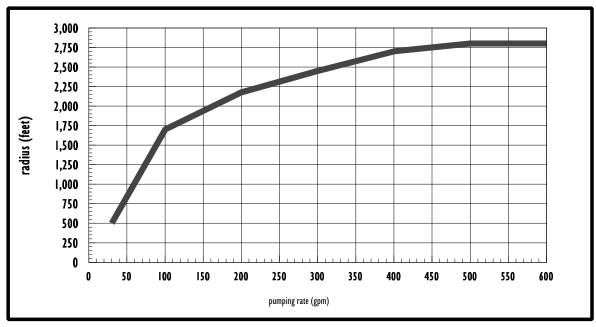
WHPA: minimum = 500 ft., maximum = 2100 ft.

WHPA Zone 3



WHPA: minimum = 500 ft., maximum = 1900 ft.

WHPA Zone 4



WHPA: minimum = 500 ft., maximum = 2800 ft.