



# This is an official DHEC Health Advisory

Distributed via Health Alert Network October 7, 2015, 8:20PM 10362-DHA-10-07-2015-FLO2

## **RESEND: Illnesses and Injuries Resulting from Floods**

Note: This is a revised version of a previously distributed HAN message. Please note the Regional and Central Office points of contact for reporting purposes.

#### **Guidance to Clinicians**

This is a Health Advisory from the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control to make health care providers aware of potential health consequences following floods.

Outbreaks of communicable diseases after floods are unusual. However, the rates of vaccine preventable diseases, enteric infections and other diseases that were present before a flood, may increase because of compromised sanitation or overcrowding among displaced persons. Increases in infectious diseases that were not present in the community before the flood are not usually a problem. Populations affected by flood waters may also be at risk for traumatic injuries, chemical exposures, animal exposures and vector borne diseases

## **Immunizations**

Vaccine-preventable diseases generally do not increase and therefore mass immunization clinics are not a standard recommendation. Routine recommendations apply in the aftermath of a flood and should be maintained to prevent outbreaks. There may be the need to vaccinate particular individuals involved in clean-up efforts, those providing medical care or displaced individuals living in communal settings for prolonged periods of time. Information about the vaccine schedule is available through the CDC website at http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/index.html

## **Tetanus Vaccine**

Clean-up and repairs following flooding presents an increased risk of injury and tetanus from injuries is preventable by vaccination. Evaluate any persons with a puncture wound or other potentially contaminated wound for current tetanus immunization status to determine whether a tetanus booster is necessary. Everyone should be immunized with a primary series of tetanus, diphtheria and pertussis-containing vaccine. In accordance with the current CDC guidelines, individuals should receive a tetanus booster if they have not been vaccinated for tetanus during the past 10 years. Td (tetanus/diphtheria) or Tdap (tetanus/diphtheria/pertussis) can be used: getting the Tdap formulation for one tetanus booster during adulthood is recommended to maintain protection against pertussis. Adults who did not receive DTP or DTaP as a child, or whose tetanus vaccination history is unknown should receive a primary series of three doses of tetanus-containing vaccine in accordance with the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommended schedule. Take this opportunity to vaccinate individuals with Tdap to provide protection against pertussis as appropriate.

## **Hepatitis A Vaccine**

There is no recommendation for mass vaccination with hepatitis A during flood events. The virus is not common in the US and is generally not present even in sewage. For persons responding to the disaster, the risk of getting the disease is extremely low, and so the vaccine is not recommended for them.

## Influenza vaccine

It is influenza season and the influenza vaccine is recommended for all individuals > 6 months of age.

## **Vaccine Availability**

The Adult Vaccine Program which is funded through federal 317 funds, allows for Td or Tdap vaccine for uninsured and underinsured adults age 19 and older at local DHEC health departments. In support of vaccination efforts in a disaster relief situation, the 317 funded Td and Tdap vaccine can be administered to fully insured adults age 19 and older. If your office is unable to provide Td or Tdap vaccine, patients can be referred to local DHEC health departments. For children ages 7 to 18, Tdap/Td vaccine is available through the VFC program and state vaccine program for participating providers. If your office does not participate with these programs, children ages 7 to 18 can be referred to the local DHEC health department. An appointment is required for vaccine administration; patients can call 1-800-868-0404 to schedule an appointment.

## **Enteric Pathogens**

Consider laboratory testing for enteric pathogens for anyone that reports three or more days of diarrhea, any bloody diarrhea, diarrhea plus a fever, or if there are other concerns.

Report any cluster of illnesses to your local public health region and counsel patients who are ill with gastrointestinal symptoms to stay home from work, child care or school and to not prepare food for others until at least 24 hours after symptoms have resolved.

## **Other Exposure Risks**

Counsel patients about the risks of exposures to displaced animals to reduce the risk of bite injuries. Individuals working outdoors should consider protection against mosquitos to reduce the risk of mosquito-borne illnesses Mosquito breeding sites may be difficult to control for some time following flooding.

## Regional Public Health Offices – 2015

## Mail or call reports to the Epidemiology Office in each Public Health Region.

# LOW COUNTRY PUBLIC HEALTH REGION

## Berkeley, Charleston, Dorchester

4050 Bridge View Drive, Suite 600 N. Charleston, SC 29405 Phone: (843) 953-0043 Fax: (843) 953-0051

Nights / Weekends: (843) 441-1091

#### Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper

219 S. Lemacks Street Walterboro, SC 29488 Phone: (843) 549-1516 Fax: (843) 549-6845

Nights / Weekends: (843) 441-1091

## Allendale, Bamberg, Calhoun, Orangeburg

932 Holly Street Holly Hill, SC 29059 Phone: (803) 300-2270 Fax: (843) 549-6845

Nights / Weekends: (843) 441-1091

## MIDLANDS PUBLIC HEALTH REGION

## Kershaw, Lexington, Newberry, Richland

2000 Hampton Street Columbia, SC 29204 Phone: (803) 576-2749 Fax: (803) 576-2993

Nights / Weekends: (888) 801-1046

## Chester, Fairfield, Lancaster, York

PO Box 817

1833 Pageland Highway Lancaster, SC 29720 Phone: (803) 286-9948 Fax: (803) 286-5418

Nights / Weekends: (888) 801-1046

## Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Saluda

222 Beaufort Street, NE Aiken, SC 29801 Phone: (803) 642-1618 Fax: (803) 643-8386

Nights / Weekends: (888) 801-1046

# $\frac{\textbf{PEE DEE PUBLIC HEALTH REGION}}{\textbf{Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Florence,}}$

Marlboro, Marion 145 E. Cheves Street

Florence, SC 29506 Phone: (843) 661-4830 Fax: (843) 661-4859

Nights / Weekends: (843) 915-8845

#### Clarendon, Lee, Sumter

PO Box 1628 105 North Magnolia Street Sumter, SC 29150

Phone: (803) 773-5511 Fax: (803) 775-9941

Nights/Weekends: (843) 915-8845

## Georgetown, Horry, Williamsburg

1931 Industrial Park Road Conway, SC 29526-5482 Phone: (843) 915-8804 Fax: (843) 915-6502

Nights/Weekends: (843) 915-8845

## UPSTATE PUBLIC HEALTH REGION

## Anderson, Oconee

220 McGee Road Anderson, SC 29625 Phone: (864) 260-5801 Fax: (864) 260-5623

Nights / Weekends: (866) 298-4442

## Abbeville, Greenwood, Laurens, McCormick

1736 S. Main Street Greenwood, SC 29646 Phone: (864) 227-5947 Fax: (864) 953-6313

Nights / Weekends: (866) 298-4442

Nights / Weekends: (866) 298-4442

## Cherokee, Greenville, Pickens

PO Box 2507 200 University Ridge Greenville, SC 29602-2507 Phone: (864) 372-3133 Fax: (864) 282-4373

## UPSTATE PUBLIC HEALTH REGION

## $\underline{(continued)}$

Spartanburg, Union PO Box 2507

200 University Ridge Greenville, SC 29602-2507 Phone: (864) 372-3133

Fax: (864) 282-4373

Nights / Weekends: (866) 298-4442

## <u>DHEC Bureau of Disease Control</u> Division of Acute Disease Epidemiology

1751 Calhoun Street Box 101106

Columbia, SC 29211 Phone: (803) 898-0861 Fax: (803) 898-0897

Nights / Weekends: 1-888-847-0902



South Carolina Department of Health

www.scdhec.gov