



# South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Division of Acute Disease Epidemiology Week Ending January 4, 2014 (MMWR Week 1) All data are provisional and may change as more reports are received.

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# MMWR Week 1 at a Glance:

**Influenza Activity Level: REGIONAL** Note: Activity level definitions are found on page 14

**ILI Activity Status (South Carolina baseline is 2.05%\*):** The state ILI percentage was 2.53%. These data reflect reports from 11 (35.5%) providers.

**SC Viral Isolate and RT-PCR Activity:** 90 positive specimens were reported. Since 9/29/13, 275 positive specimens have been reported.

**Positive Rapid Flu Test Activity:** 3710 rapid tests were reported. Since 9/29/13, 13,781 positive rapid tests have been reported.

Hospitalizations: 228 lab confirmed hospitalizations were reported. Since 9/29/13, 870 lab confirmed hospitalizations have been reported.

**Deaths:** Five lab confirmed deaths were reported. Since 9/29/13, 17 lab confirmed deaths have been reported.

## Summary of ILI Activity, Positive Confirmatory Tests, and Influenza Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths

	Cumulative (9/29/13 - 1/4/14)	Current MMWR Week (1)	Previous MMWR Week	Change from previous week	2012-2013 MMWR Week 1
Number of positive confirmatory tests (Culture, PCR, IFA, DFA)	275	90	41	<b>4</b> 9	84
Number of positive rapid tests	17,550	3710	3997	▼ 287	3434
Percent of ILI visits reported by ILINet providers	-	2.53%	2.72%	▼ 0.19%	2.12%
Total number of patient visits for ILI	845	92	92	0	105
Percent of fever-flu ER visits reported by hospitals	-	8.97%	10.17%	▼ 1.20%	9.04%
Number of lab confirmed flu hospitalizations	870	228	190	▲ 38	206
Number of lab confirmed flu deaths	17	5	3	<b>A</b> 2	6

Laboratory-Confirmed Cases* Compared to Previous Week and Season					
	Cumulative season total through MMWR week 1	Current MMWR week (1) total			
2012-2013	679	84			
2013-2014	275	90			
% Change from previous week	+49%	+54%			
% Change 2012-13 compared to 2013-14 season	-55%	+7%			
4 year average (2010-11 to 2013-14)	255	51			

\*Includes culture, PCR, IFA, DFA

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Current MMWR Week (12/29/13 – 1/4/14)					
	BOL	Other clinical labs			
Number of specimens tested	15	-			
Number of positive specimens	13	77			
Influenza A unsubtyped		17			
Influenza A H1N1	13	30			
Influenza A H3N2					
Influenza B					
Other					
Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA					

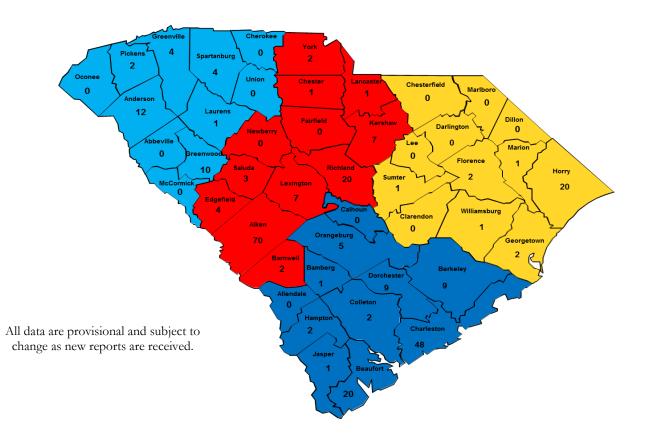
For the current MMWR reporting week, 90 positive specimens were reported.

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Cumulative (09/29/13 – 1/4/14)						
	BOL	Other clinical labs				
Number of specimens tested	137	NA				
Number of positive specimens	66 (48.2%)	209				
Influenza A unsubtyped		29 (13.9%)				
Influenza A H1N1	65 (98.5%)	177 (84.7%)				
Influenza A H3N2	1 (1.5%)					
Influenza B		3 (1.4%)				
Other						
Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA						

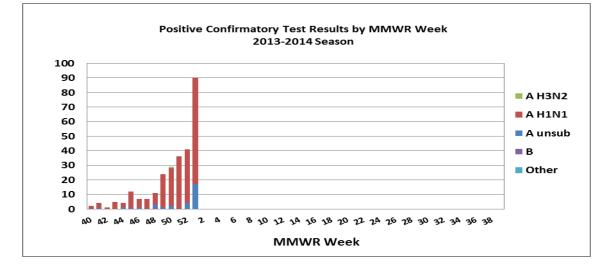
## Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Current Week 12/29/13 – 1/4/14

County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests
Abbeville		Dillon		Marion	
Aiken	34	Dorchester		Marlboro	
Allendale		Edgefield	1	McCormick	
Anderson	3	Fairfield		Newberry	
Bamberg	1	Florence	1	Oconee	
Barnwell		Georgetown	1	Orangeburg	1
Beaufort	9	Greenville	2	Pickens	
Berkeley		Greenwood		Richland	8
Calhoun		Hampton	1	Saluda	2
Charleston	5	Horry	8	Spartanburg	2
Cherokee		Jasper	1	Sumter	
Chester		Kershaw	1	Union	
Chesterfield		Lancaster	1	Williamsburg	1
Clarendon		Laurens	1	York	
Colleton		Lee		Unknown	1
Darlington		Lexington	5		

## Map of Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Cumulative 09/29/13 – 1/4/14



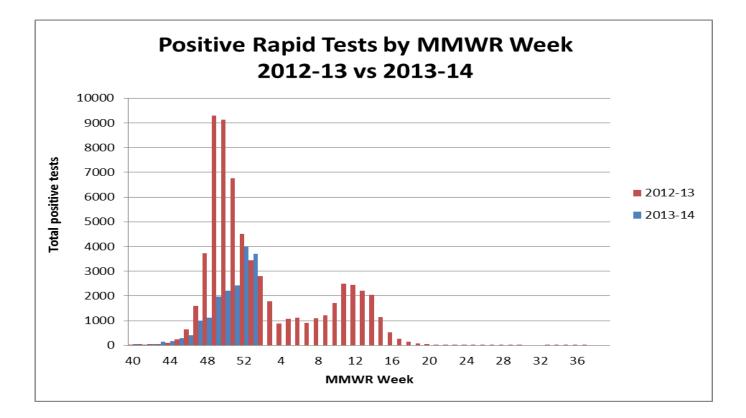
	Α	Α	В	Α	Unk	3 - 1/4/14	Α	Α	В	Α	Unk
	H1N1	H3N2	Б	Unsub	Ulik		H1N1	H3N2	Б	Unsub	Ulik
				U	pstate						
Abbeville					1	McCormick					
Anderson	9			3		Oconee					
Cherokee						Pickens	2				
Greenwood	10					Spartanburg	1			1	
Greenville	2			1		Union					
Laurens				1							
	<sup> </sup>			Μ	idlands	6	L				
Aiken	68			2		Lancaster				1	
Barnwell	2					Lexington	7				
Chester	1					Newberry					
Edgefield	4					Richland	14			6	
Fairfield						3	1				
Kershaw	6			1		York	2				
		<u> </u>		P	ee Dee			<u> </u>			
Chesterfield						Horry	16			4	
Clarendon						Lee					
Darlington						Marion				1	
Dillon						Marlboro					
Florence	1			1		Sumter	1				
Georgetown	2					Williamsburg	1				
				Low	v Coun	try					
Allendale						Colleton	2				
Bamberg	1					Dorchester	8			1	
Beaufort	19	1	1			Hampton	2				
Berkeley	8			1		Jasper					
Calhoun						Orangeburg	5				
Charleston	44		2	2							

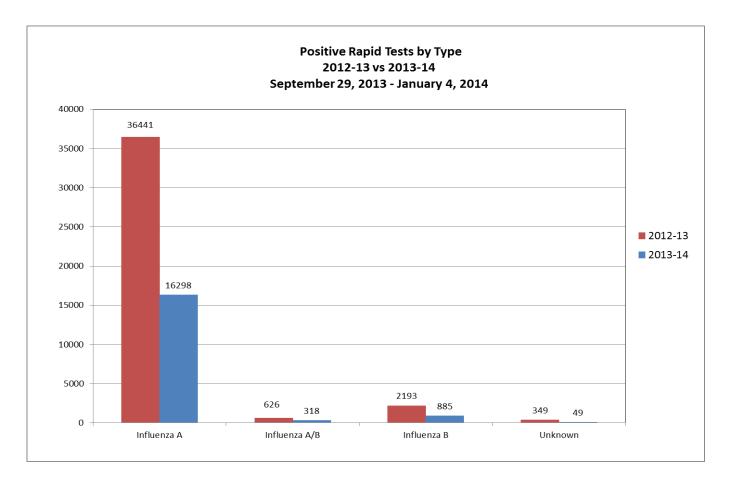


# II. Positive Rapid Antigen Tests

**For the current MMWR reporting week,** 3710 positive rapid antigen tests were reported. Of these, 3476 were influenza A, 47 were influenza A/B, 162 were influenza B, and 25 were unknown. This compares to 3434 this time last year.

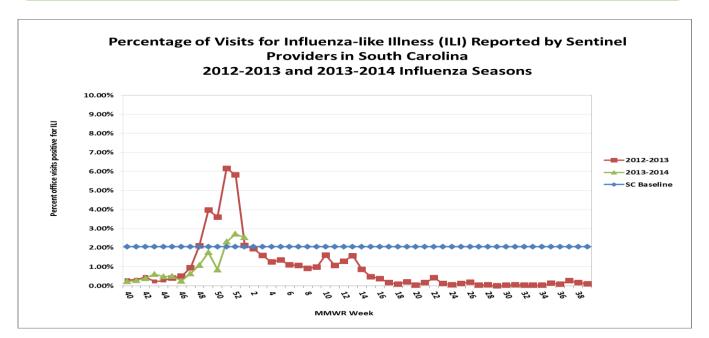
Positive Rapid Flu Tests by County Current Week (12/29/13 – 1/4/14)						
County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	
Abbeville	14	Dillon		Lexington	241	
Aiken		Dorchester	64	Marion		
Allendale		Edgefield		Marlboro	12	
Anderson	177	Fairfield	6	McCormick		
Bamberg		Florence	269	Newberry	66	
Barnwell		Georgetown	107	Oconee	60	
Beaufort	1	Greenville	773	Orangeburg	40	
Berkeley	51	Greenwood	79	Pickens	81	
Calhoun		Hampton	9	Richland	370	
Charleston	313	Horry	158	Saluda		
Cherokee	1	Jasper		Spartanburg	319	
Chester		Kershaw	87	Sumter	37	
Chesterfield	14	Lancaster	46	Union	10	
Clarendon	21	Laurens	6	Williamsburg	18	
Colleton	1	Lee	1	York	157	
Darlington	101					



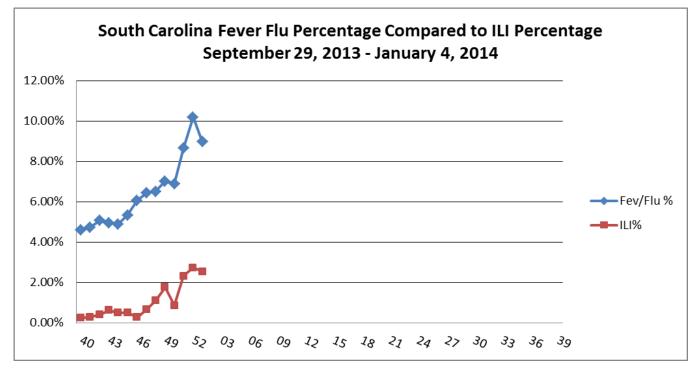


# III. ILINet Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance

**During the most recent MMWR week**, 2.53 % of patient visits to SC ILINet providers were due to ILI. This is above the state baseline (2.05%). This ILI percentage compares to 2.12 % this time last year. Reports were received from providers in 8 counties, representing 3 of the 4 regions. The statewide percentage of ER visits with fever-flu syndrome was 8.97%.



\*The SC baseline is the mean percentage of patient visits for ILI during non-influenza weeks (weeks when percent of positive lab tests was below 20%) for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations.



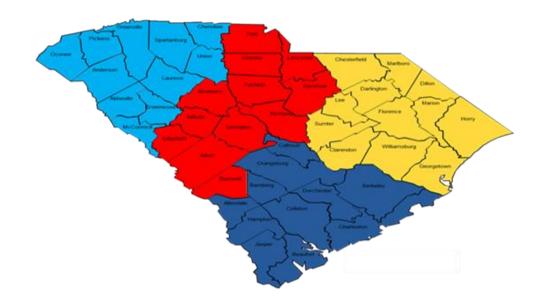
\*Only includes hospitals participating in SC syndromic surveillance

County	ILI %	County	ILI %
Abbeville		Greenwood	NR
Aiken	0%	Hampton	NR
Allendale		Horry	NR
Anderson	NR	Jasper	NR
Bamberg		Kershaw	NR
Barnwell		Lancaster	
Beaufort	NR	Laurens	NR
Berkeley	NR	Lee	
Calhoun		Lexington	NR
Charleston	NR	Marion	
Cherokee		Marlboro	
Chester		McCormick	NR
Chesterfield		Newberry	
Clarendon		Oconee	
Colleton		Orangeburg	
Darlington		Pickens	0%
Dillon	NR	Richland	0%
Dorchester	NR	Saluda	0%
Edgefield		Spartanburg	NR
Fairfield		Sumter	NR
Florence	1.54%	Union	
Georgetown	1.63%	Williamsburg	
Greenville	3.49%	York	0%

## Influenza-Like Illness Reported by Sentinel Providers December 29, 2013 – January 4, 2014

NR: No reports received ---: No enrolled providers

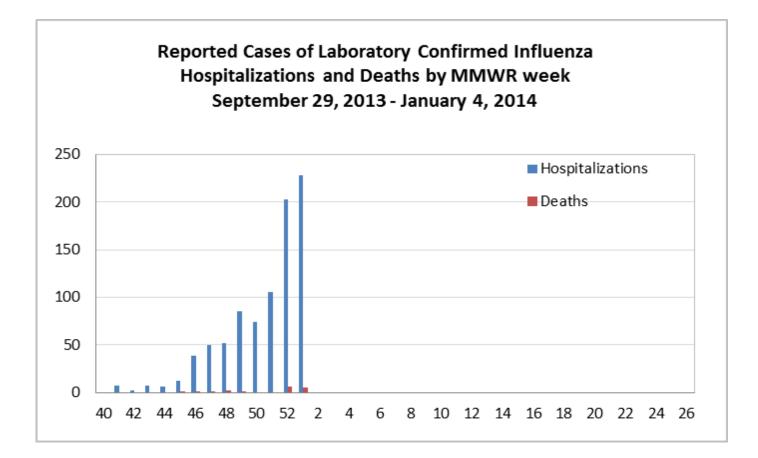
\*County ILI percentages are affected by the number of reporting providers within that county.

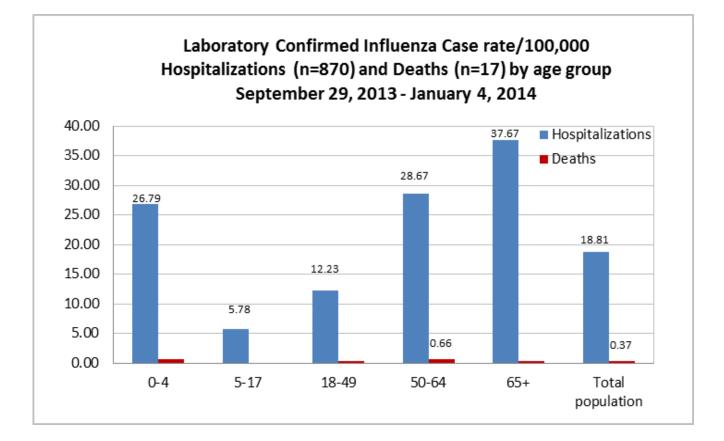


For the current MMWR reporting week, 228 lab confirmed influenza hospitalizations were reported. Five lab confirmed influenza deaths were reported.\*

	Total number*	
Number of Reporting	53	
Hospitals (Current week)		
	Current MMWR Week (12/22/13-12/28/13)	Cumulative (since 09/29/13)
Hospitalizations	228	870
Deaths	5	17

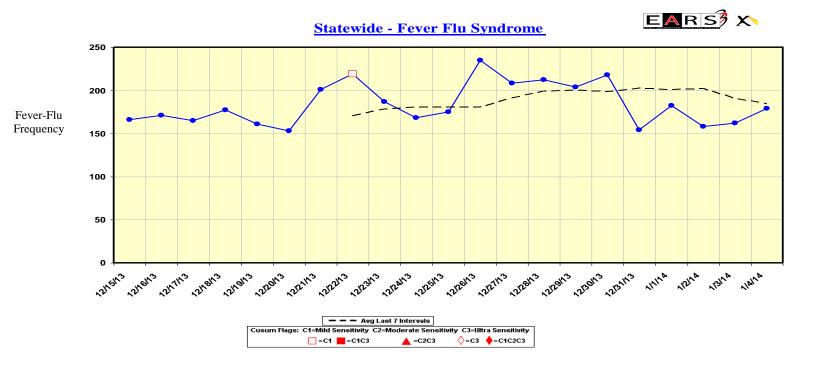
\* Lab confirmation for hospitalizations and deaths includes culture, PCR, DFA, IFA, and rapid test.





Lab Confirmed Influenza Deaths by County September 29, 2013 – January 4, 2014				
County	Deaths			
Aiken	1			
Beaufort	1			
Berkeley	1			
Charleston	3			
Colleton	1			
Dorchester	1			
Greenville	1			
Horry	2			
Laurens	1			
Lexington	1			
Orangeburg	2			
Pickens	1			
Richland	1			
Total Deaths	17			

## V. South Carolina Disease Alerting, Reporting & Tracking System (SC-DARTS)



### Cumulative Sums Analysis (CUSUM):

C1 = Flags because of sharp rise in counts from 1 day to the next

C2 = Flags because of aberrant, initial, rapid rise in counts and peak in counts

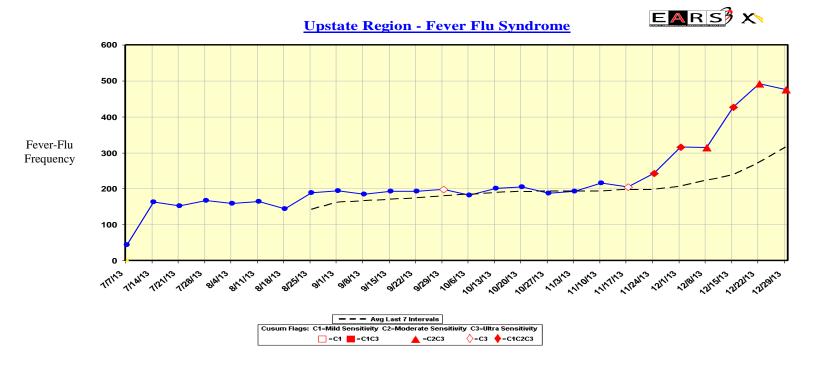
C3 = Flags because of a gradual rise in counts over a short time

The SC Statewide Fever-Flu Syndrome graph above illustrates the <u>daily</u> counts of hospital emergency department (ED) visits with an Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for the past 21 days. A total of <u>22 hospital</u> facilities are reporting to the SC-DARTS system. These 22 include: AnMed Health (Upstate Region); Self Regional (Upstate Region); Oconee Medical Center (Upstate Region); Palmetto Health Alliance (Upstate and Midlands Regions); Greenville Hospital System (Upstate Region); Kershaw Health (Midlands Region); McLeod Health (Pee Dee Region); Elgin Urgent Care (Midlands Region); Medical University of South Carolina (Low Country Region); Roper (Low Country Region); St. Francis (Low Country Region); Trident (Low Country Region); Colleton (Low Country Region); Hampton Regional (Low Country Region); and Mount Pleasant (Low Country Region).

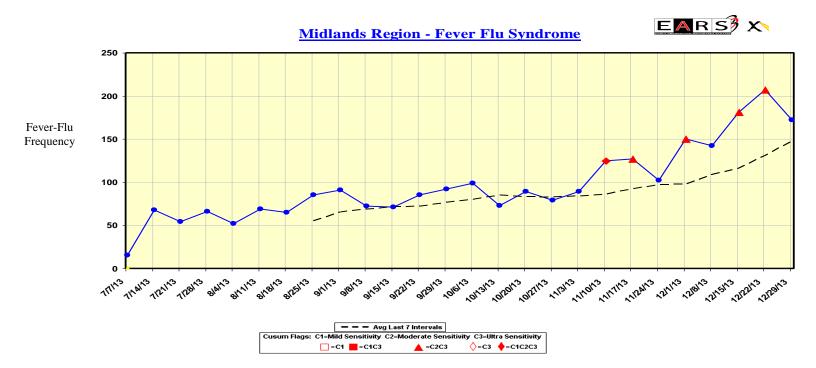
#### Statewide CUSUM Flag Alerts Description:

There were one C1 flag for the past week.

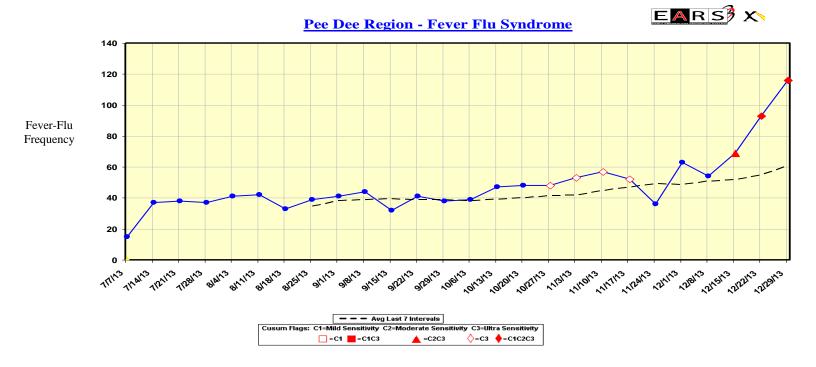
Below are the fever-flu syndrome graphs by Region for the past 180 days (weekly interval).



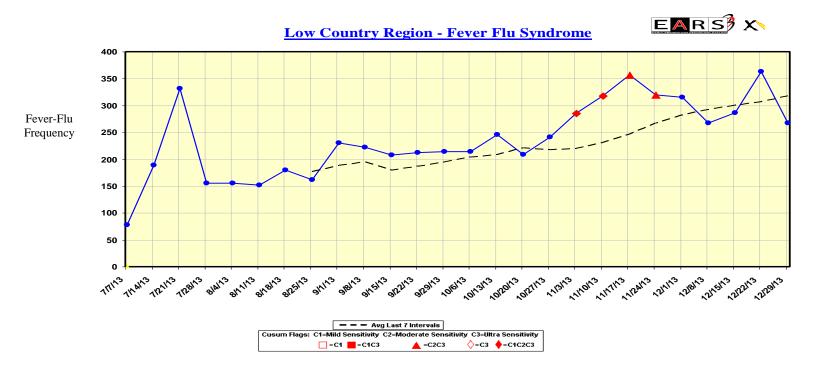
Upstate Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): AnMed Health (3); Self-Regional (1); Oconee Medical Center (1); Greenville Hospital System (4); Palmetto Health Easley (1)



Midlands Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): Palmetto Health Baptist (1); Palmetto Health Richland (1); Kershaw Health (1); Elgin Urgent Care (1)



Pee Dee Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): McLeod Health (1)



Low Country Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): Medical University of South Carolina (1); Roper (1); St. Francis (1); Trident (1); Hampton Regional (1); Colleton (1); Mount Pleasant (1);

# VI. Influenza activity levels

Activity Level	ILI activity/Outbreaks		Laboratory data		
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases		
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases		
Sporadic			OR		
	Not increased	And Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution			
	Increased ILI in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI		
			OR		
Local	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions		
	Increased ILI in 2-3 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions		
Regional	OR				
	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 2-3 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions		
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 4 of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.		

## VII. South Carolina Influenza Surveillance Components

South Carolina influenza surveillance consists of mandatory and voluntary reporting systems for year-round influenza surveillance. These networks provide information on influenza virus strain and subtype and influenza disease burden.

### Mandatory Reporting

### Positive confirmatory test reporting

Positive influenza culture, PCR, DFA, and IFA results from commercial laboratories should be reported to DHEC within 3 days electronically via CHESS or using a DHEC 1129 card.

### Positive rapid antigen test reporting

*Summary numbers* of positive rapid influenza tests and influenza type identified should be sent to the regional health department by fax or email before noon on Monday for the preceding week.

### Influenza deaths

All lab confirmed influenza deaths in adults should be reported to DHEC within 24 hours. These include results from viral culture, PCR, rapid flu tests, DFA, IFA or autopsy results consistent with influenza.

### Influenza hospitalizations

DHEC requires weekly submission of laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations. Hospitals should report these to their <u>regional</u> health department by noon on Monday for the preceding week.

For additional information about ILINet or to become an ILINet provider, contact the Acute Disease Epidemiology influenza surveillance coordinator at springcb@dhec.sc.gov.

### Voluntary Networks

Influenza-Like Illness (ILINet) Sentinel Providers Network ILINet focuses on the number of patients presenting with influenza-like symptoms in the absence of another known cause. ILI is defined as fever (temperature of U $\geq$ U100°F) plus a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of another known cause. Providers submit weekly reports to the CDC of the total number of patients seen in a week and the subset number of those patients with ILI symptoms by age group.

### South Carolina Disease Alerting, Reporting & Tracking System (SC-DARTS)

SC-DARTS is a collaborative network of syndromic surveillance systems within South Carolina. Currently our network contains the following data sources: SC Hospital Emergency Department (ED) chief-complaint data, Poison Control Center call data, Over-the-Counter (OTC) pharmaceutical sales surveillance, and CDC's BioSense Biosurveillance system. The hospital ED syndromic surveillance system classifies ED chief complaint data into appropriate syndrome categories (ex: Respiratory, GI, Fever, etc.). These syndrome categories are then analyzed using the cumulative sum (CUSUM) methodology to detect any significant increases. Syndromic reports are distributed back to the hospital on a daily basis.

To join the SC-DARTS system or for more information, please contact: Kelly Johnson at 803-898-1588 or johnsok@dhec.sc.gov.

# VIII. National Surveillance MMWR Week 52 (12/22–12/28)

During week 52 (December 22-28, 2013), influenza activity continued to increase in the United States.

- <u>Viral Surveillance</u>: Of 6,419 specimens tested and reported by U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 52, 1,711 (26.7%) were positive for influenza.
- **Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality:** The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the epidemic threshold.
- Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths: Two influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported.
- **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations:** A cumulative rate for the season of 5.8 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported.
- Outpatient Illness Surveillance: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 4.3%, above the national baseline of 2.0%. All 10 regions reported ILI at or above region-specific baseline levels. Twenty states experienced high ILI activity; eight states and New York City experienced moderate ILI activity; six states experienced low ILI activity; 16 states experienced minimal ILI activity, and the District of Columbia had insufficient data.
- <u>Geographic Spread of Influenza</u>: The geographic spread of influenza in 25 states was reported as widespread; 20 states reported regional influenza activity; Puerto Rico and three states reported local influenza activity; the District of Columbia and two states reported sporadic influenza activity, and the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam did not report.

A description of surveillance methods is available at: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

